

presents:

IntegratedEA

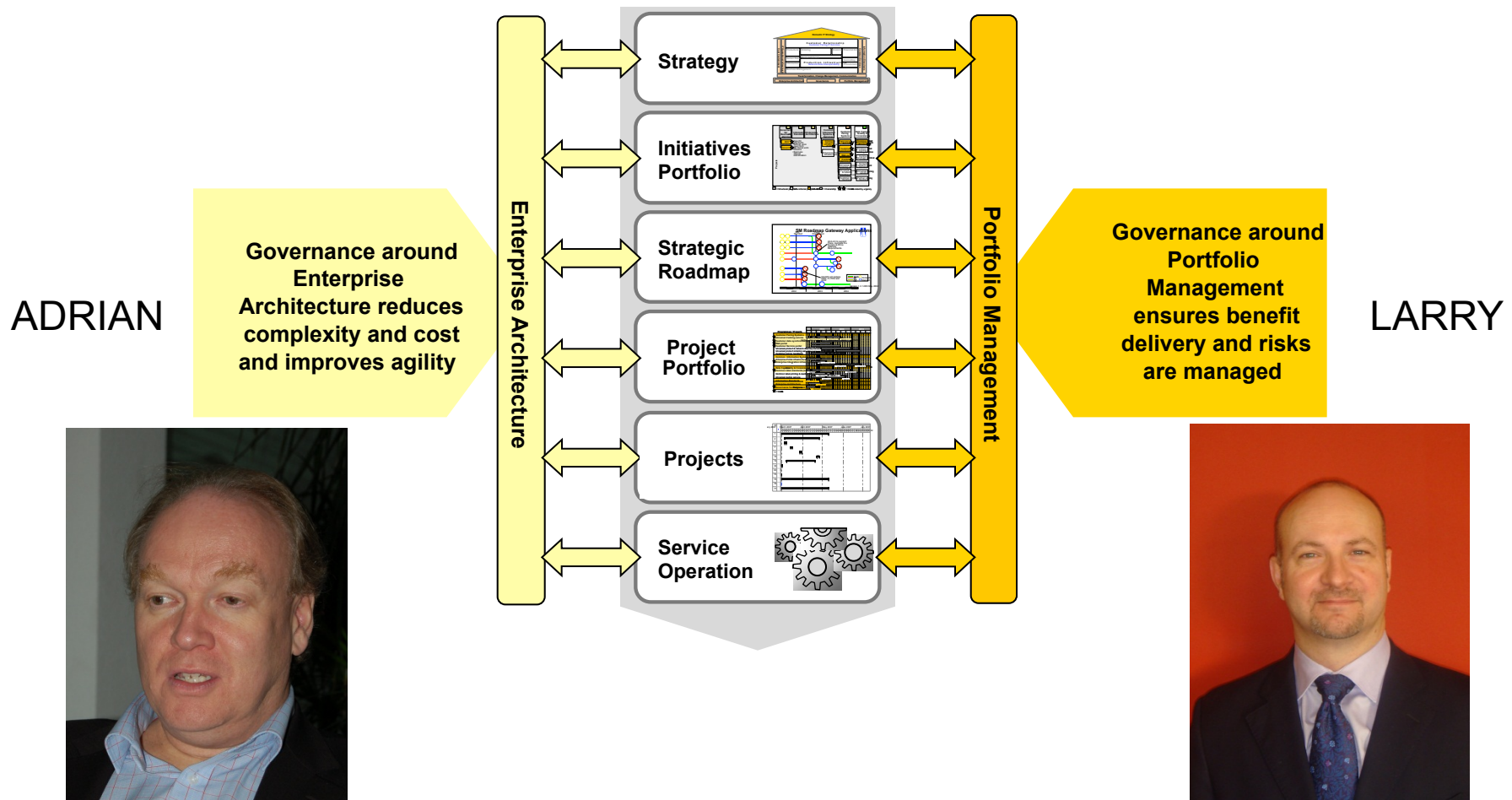
STRATEGY • OPERATIONS • TECHNOLOGY

www: <http://www.integrated-ea.com>
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Who We Are

Enterprise Architecture and Portfolio Management are the key Business IT management disciplines required to achieve convergence to target



From Complexity to Capability

We want to tell you a story about a real world success....

In 2008, as the new DHL acquisitions were ramping down, we found our self in a major dilemma.
1500+ applications in Europe alone, with substantial overlap and complexity.



Our target was to reduce the portfolio by 50% by the end of 2012

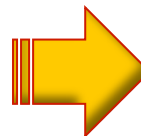


At the end of 2012, we had sunset 699 applications and we also had a cultural shift in how we thought about and managed the application portfolio

Popular slide from 2008








Complexity




Typical slide in 2012


New Capabilities drive Business Performance


	ePOD: Electronic Signature from Scanner to Customer → Roll-out 80% complete (Tier 1 complete)
	TMA/TMT: Decision Tool to support GPI, produces standard and special rate cards → Roll-out complete in NBR countries
	GCCU: World-class Customer Service Technology → PL, BE & NL Live (modules: ACD/WFM/QM), IT & NL Live (IVR)
	ACA Deployment: Enable piece scanning & RR and BL checkpoints → Deployment in IS & PL & MT & LV
	CDS Deployment: Enable piece scanning & RR and BL checkpoints → Deployment in GR & BG


Capability


DHL Express: The World's Most International Company


 > 220 countries/territories served
> 500 airports served globally


 Approx. 450 million shipments¹


 Approx. 100,000 employees²


 Approx. 4,000 Facilities³
Approx. 34,000 Service Points⁴

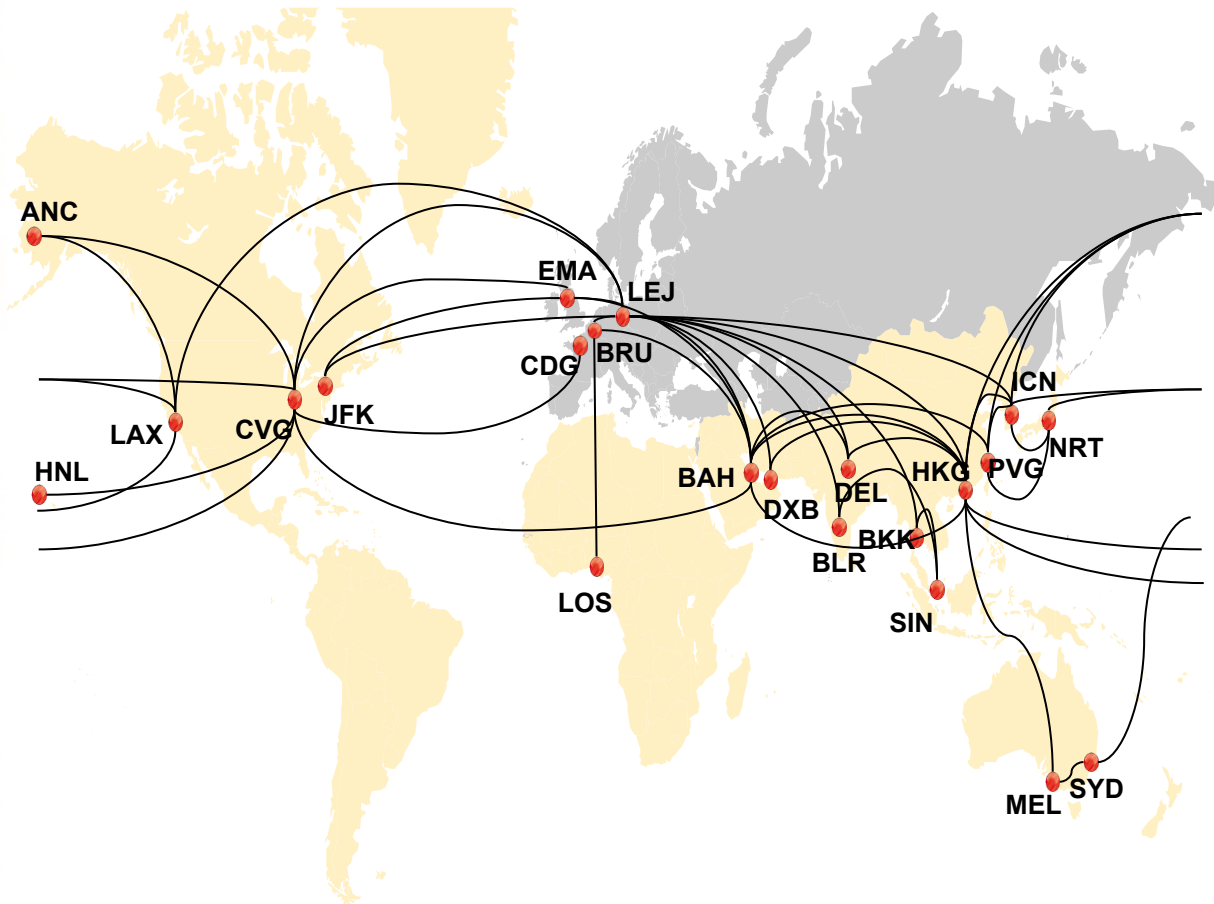
 Approx. 2.6 million customers⁵

 3 Global Hubs (LEJ, CVG, HKG)
19 Main Regional Hubs

 Approx. 29,500 vehicles⁶
Approx. 260 dedicated aircraft

 4 Global QCC
(Bonn, Leipzig, Cincinnati, Singapore)
27 country QCC

 2 Global IT Centers
(Cyberjaya and Prague)

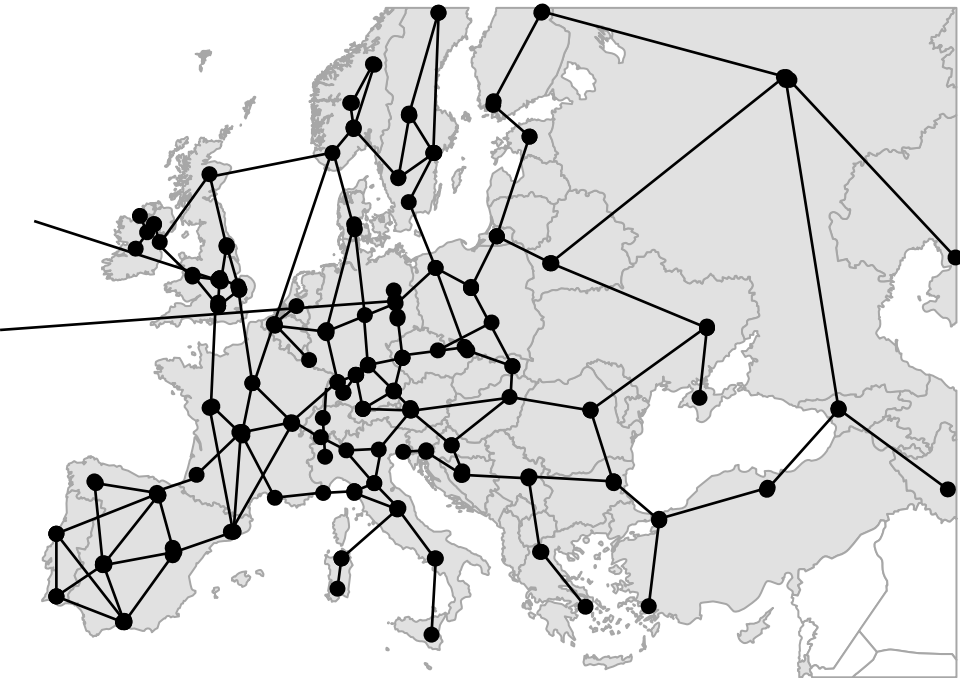


Part of the Deutsche Post DHL Group

- 1) all products; FY 2011
- 2) Full-time equivalent employees incl. overtime and temps; Full year 2011
- 3) Hubs, offices, terminal / service centers, gateway
- 4) Status end of 2011
- 5) Active customers in sales portfolio
- 6) Owned and subcontracted trucks and vans

Decentralized Execution In A Centrally Planned Network

A networked business, where each part of the network understands its dependency upon the rest of the network – Think Global. Act Local. Stay close to the Customer.

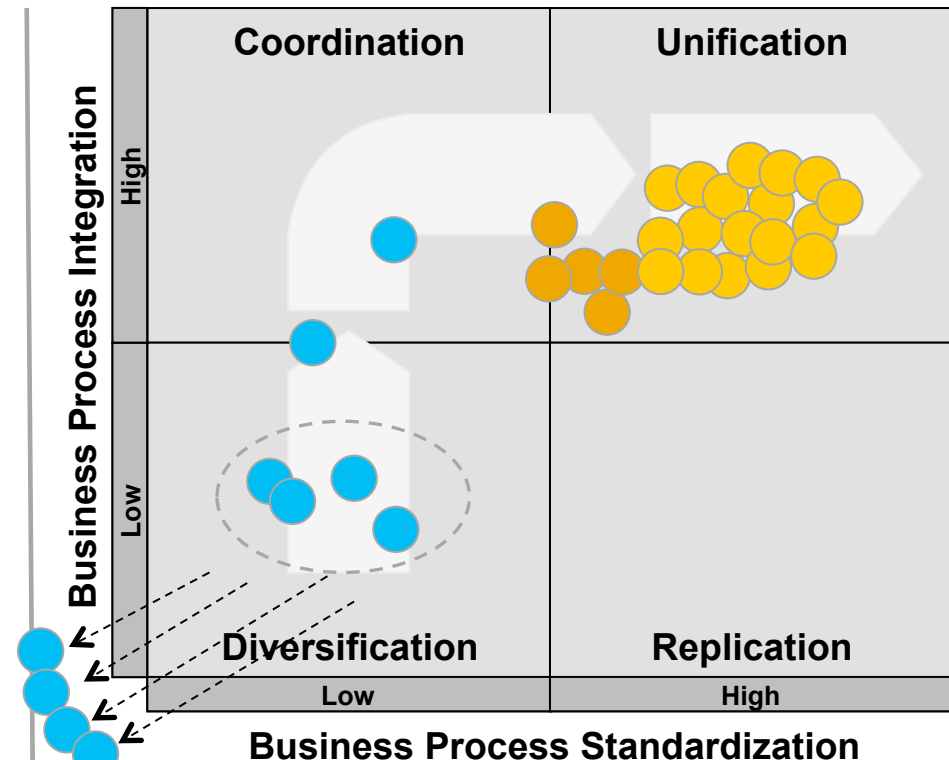
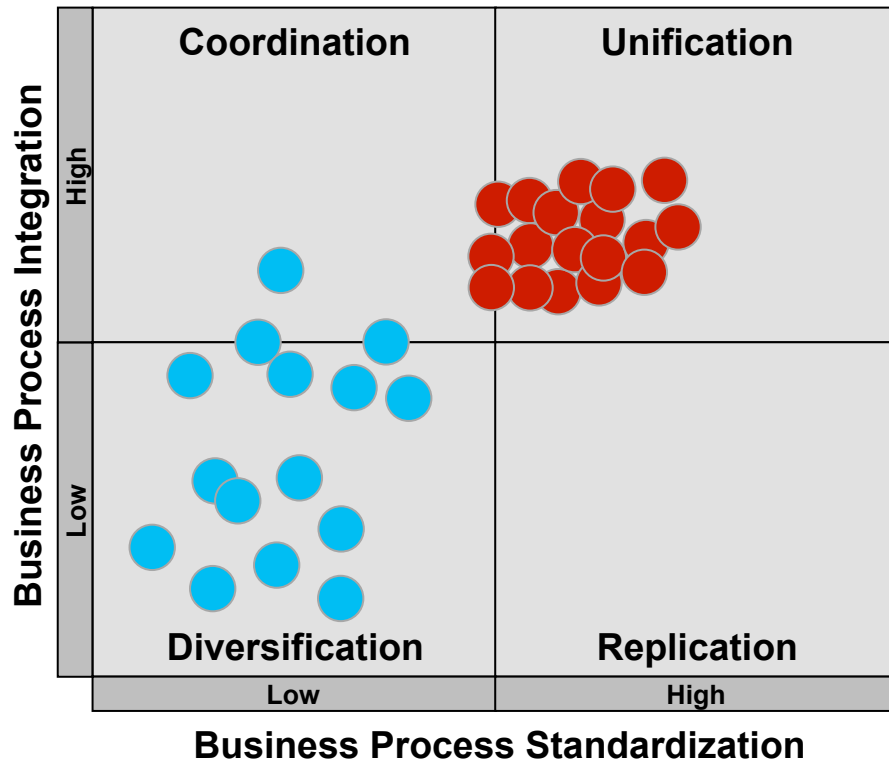


- Historically a high degree of local autonomy
- Standardization around core operational processes and information exchanges to grow the Network
- Globalization increased need for standard processes and systems
- DHL acquired by DP WorldNet along with other acquisitions in early 'noughties'
- Dramatic increase in complexity of IT landscape
- Business integration efforts helped reduce business and IT complexity, but not everywhere...

Express Europe Business Operating Model Evolution

2008

- Core international business based on 'standard' products, processes and systems
- Not all processes standardized and some systems regionally owned
- Some domestic businesses operating on standard platform with extensions
- Other domestic businesses operating on local platform

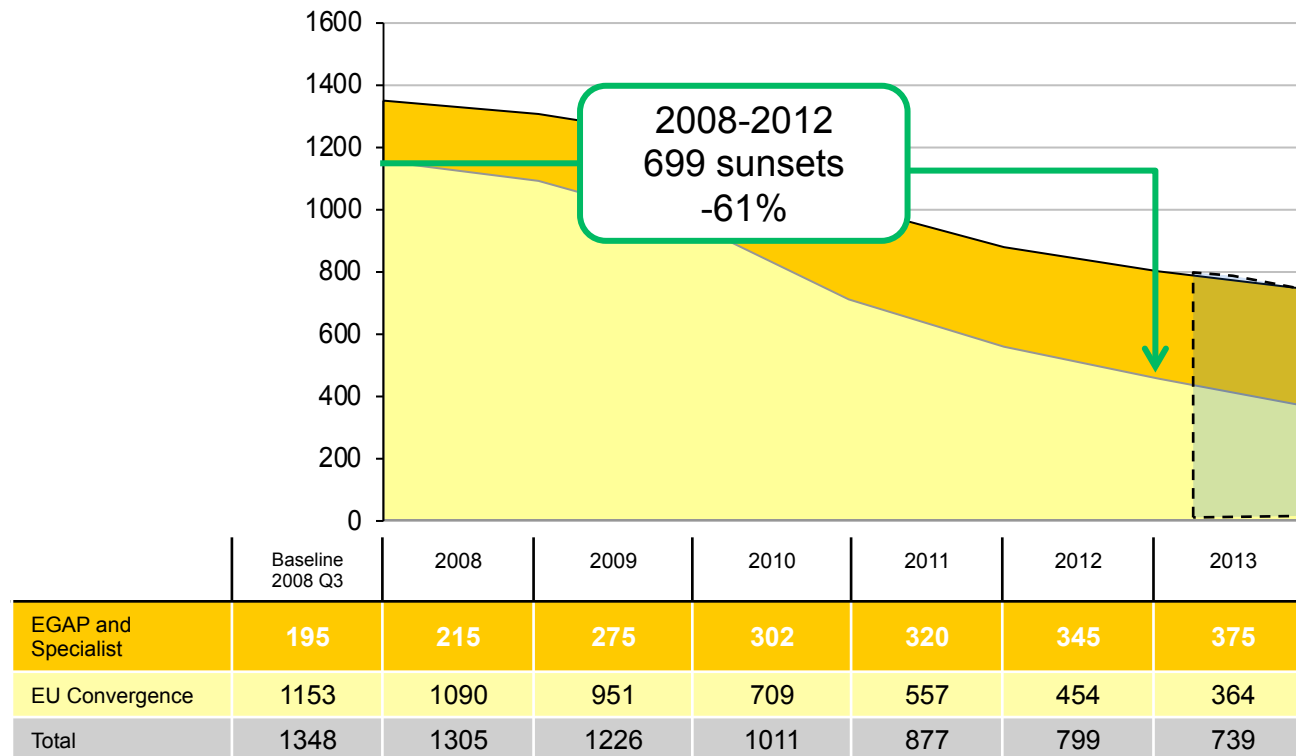


2013

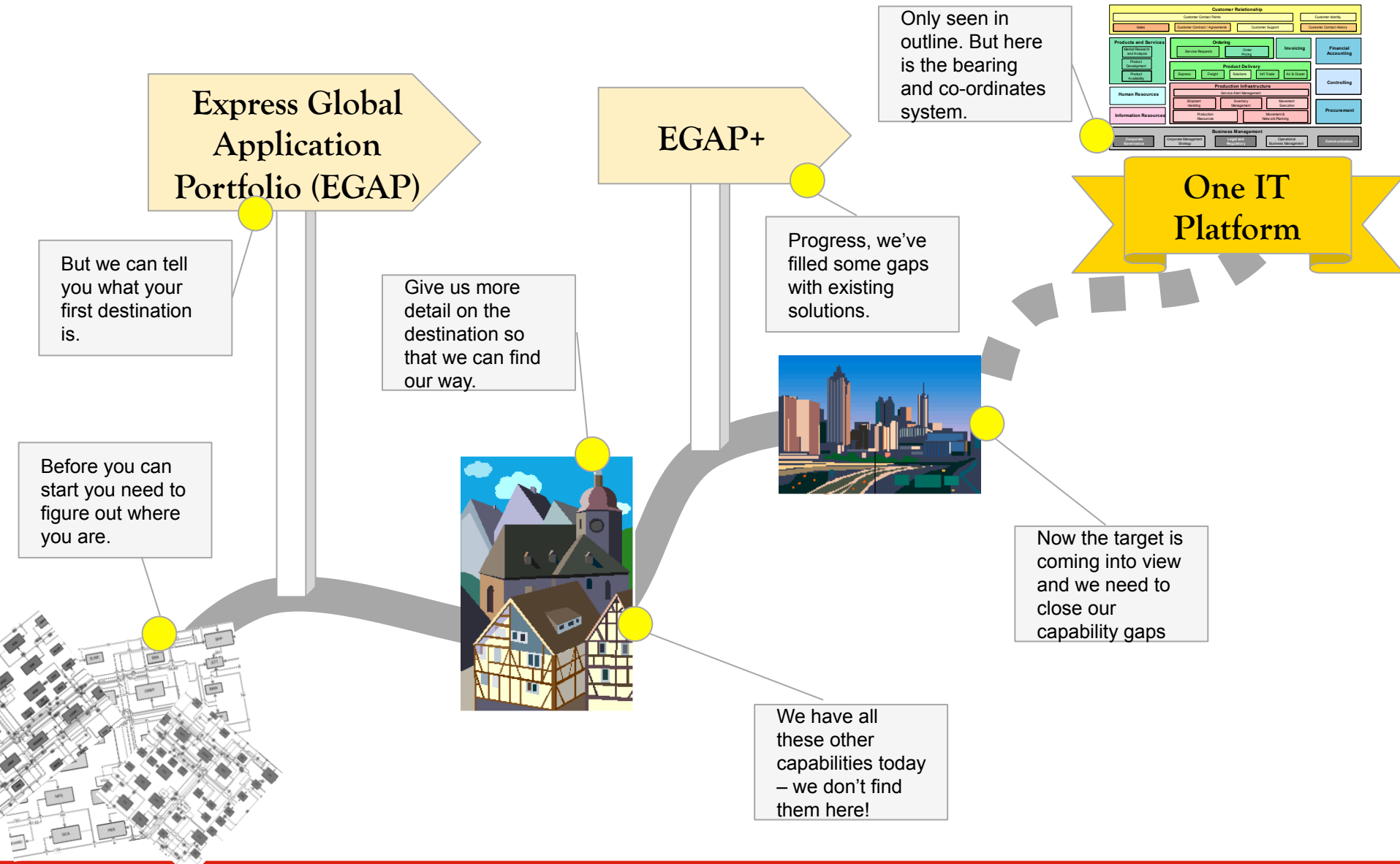
- Regional variance reduced and change initiatives underway for the rest
- Domestic businesses
 - Non-profitable businesses sold
 - Profitable businesses ring-fenced
 - Business transformation initiatives to standard platform

Convergence In the Application Portfolio

Number of
Applications in
Europe [#]



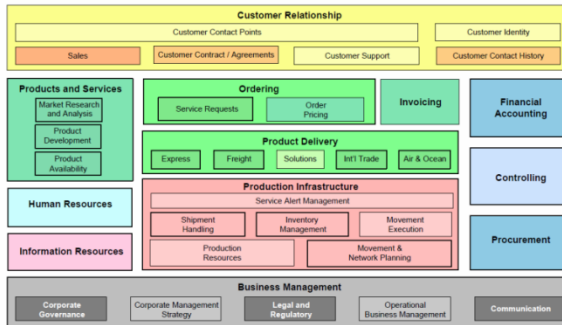
The Convergence Journey – A Tale of 50 Countries



Success Factors

Develop a practical framework

Business Domain Model



Ensure there is a single accountable source of truth.

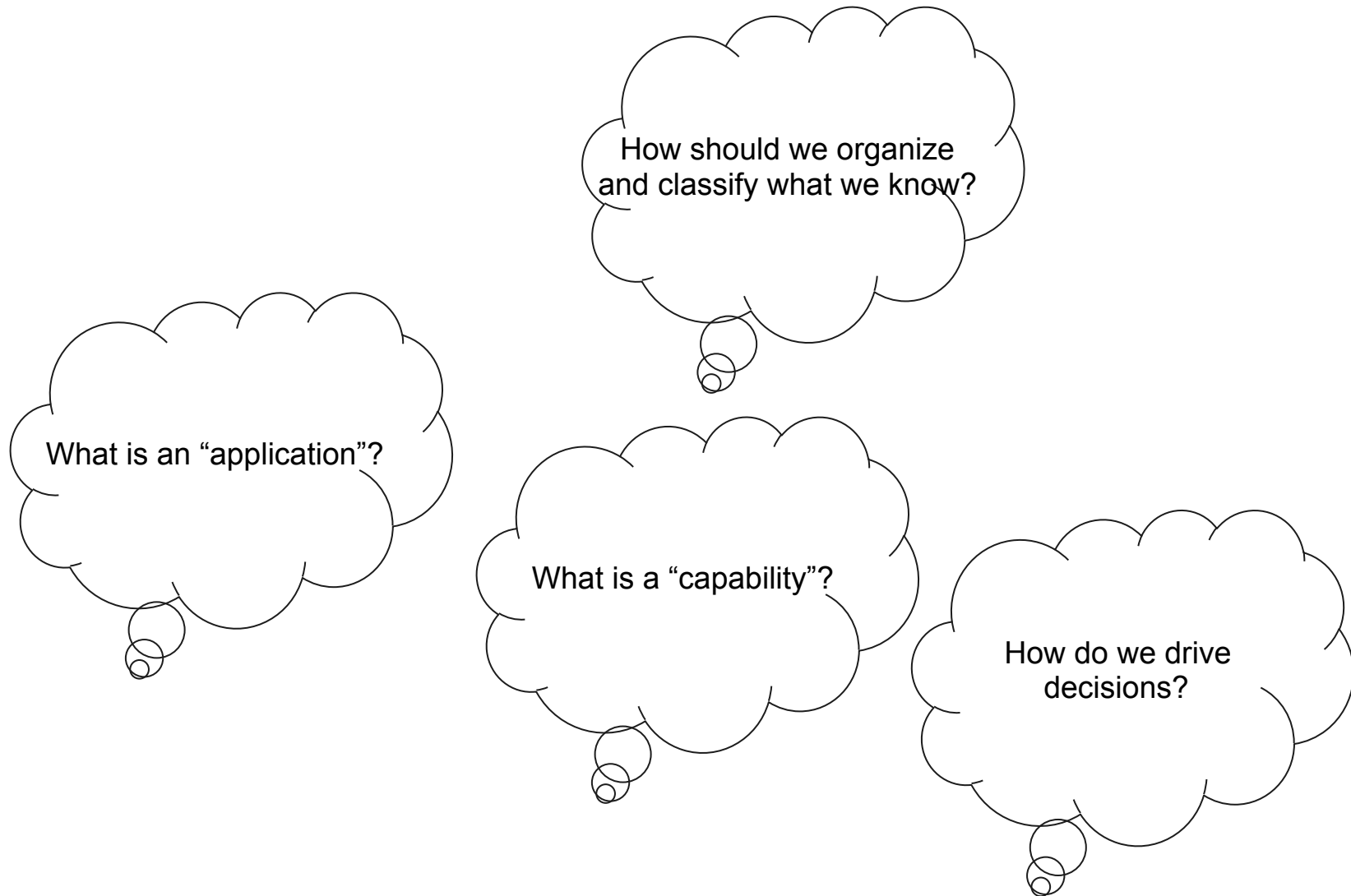


Set targets. Measure and report aggressively

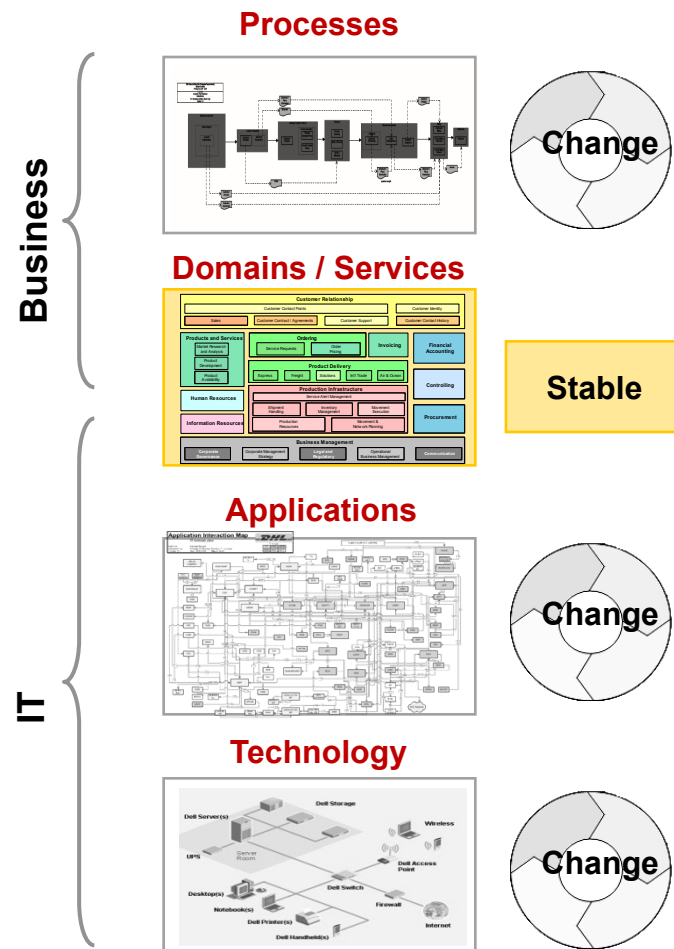
Imperative	2012 Metric	2011	Europe	T-1	Tier 1 - October YTD																
		ACT	YTD		Trend	GB	IT	DE	NL	ES	FR	BE	CH	RU	PL	SE	TR	AT	HKG	REG	
Global KPIs																					
Application	Usage of eGAP Portfolio [%]	N/A	72.2	→	78.8	→	78.6	75.0	71.4	76.6	75.0	82.1	82.1	78.6	85.7	78.6	78.6	89.3	71.4	13.6	N/A
	Extent of eGAP Coverage [%]	N/A	65.4	→	55.0	→	57.3	50.0	47.7	47.2	50.3	56.6	50.3	57.3	55.2	59.1	66.0	75.4	53.7	11.8	N/A
Solution Delivery	IT Projects on Time CBL [%]	100	95	→	95	→	95	95	95	95	95	95	95	95	95	95	95	95	95	95	95
	IT Projects on Budget CBL [%]	100	99	→	99	→	99	99	99	99	99	99	99	99	99	99	99	99	99	99	99
Service Stability	Major Business Outages [x]	402	105	→	99	→	99	99	99	99	99	99	99	99	99	99	99	99	99	99	99
IT Cost	IT Cost as % of Revenue [%]	3.65	3.62	→	2.90	→	2.94	2.93	2.96	3.06	2.82	2.88	2.85	2.88	2.92	3.01	3.21	2.87	3.06	3.24	N/A

Regional KPIs																					
IT Cost	Total IT Cost w. 2011 ACT [%]	213.3	3.7	→	3.15	→	3.19	3.19	3.24	3.2	3.18	3.17	3.15	3.15	3.8	4.4	3.65	3.3	N/A		
Appl. Converg.	Application Success [%]	135	96	→	97	→	97	97	97	97	97	97	97	97	97	97	97	97	97	97	97
Solution Delivery	Business Project Score [x]	5.1	5.5	→	5.5	→	5.5	5.5	5.5	5.5	5.5	5.5	5.5	5.5	5.5	5.5	5.5	5.5	5.5	5.5	5.5
Service Stability	User Perception [1-100] [%]	95	96	→	97.5	→	97.5	97.5	97.5	97.5	97.5	97.5	97.5	97.5	97.5	97.5	97.5	97.5	97.5	97.5	97.5
eCOPI	Shipments [%]	77.6	85.3	→	85.1	→	85.1	85.1	85.1	85.1	85.1	85.1	85.1	85.1	85.1	85.1	85.1	85.1	85.1	85.1	85.1
	Usage of non-standard eCOPI tools	20.7	16.9	→	14.2	→	14.2	14.2	14.2	14.2	14.2	14.2	14.2	14.2	14.2	14.2	14.2	14.2	14.2	14.2	14.2
People	Staff Attrition [%]	6.6	0.6	→	0.5	→	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5

Find a practical framework



Business domains will remain stable and support the management of business and IT change while concurrently enabling business and IT alignment.



What will change?

- Product packaging (i.e. Marketing products)
 - Core services remain relatively stable
- Organization
 - Command and control
 - Job profile / functional responsibility
- Physical Processes (How not what)
- Technology (not just IT)
- Volumes

What will remain (relatively) stable?

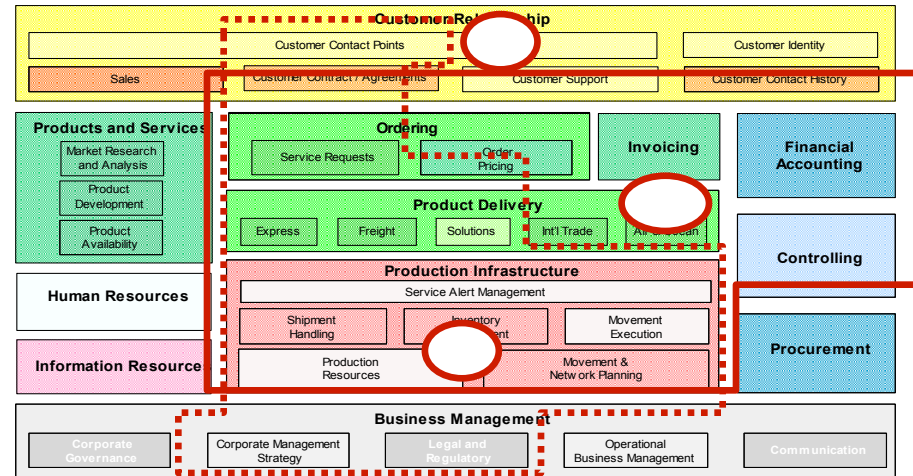
- Things (business objects) the business works with
 - E.g. shipments, vehicles, customers
- Core capabilities of the business
 - E.g. booking, pick-up, delivery
- High-level processes
 - E.g. booking to delivery

An IT Landscape Based On The Business Domain Model Will Reduce Redundancies and Address the Gaps

Initial situation:

- Duplication - Country and global applications supporting the same capabilities.
- Gaps - Unstandardized capabilities supported by local processes and applications.
- Inconsistent application partitioning and interfaces

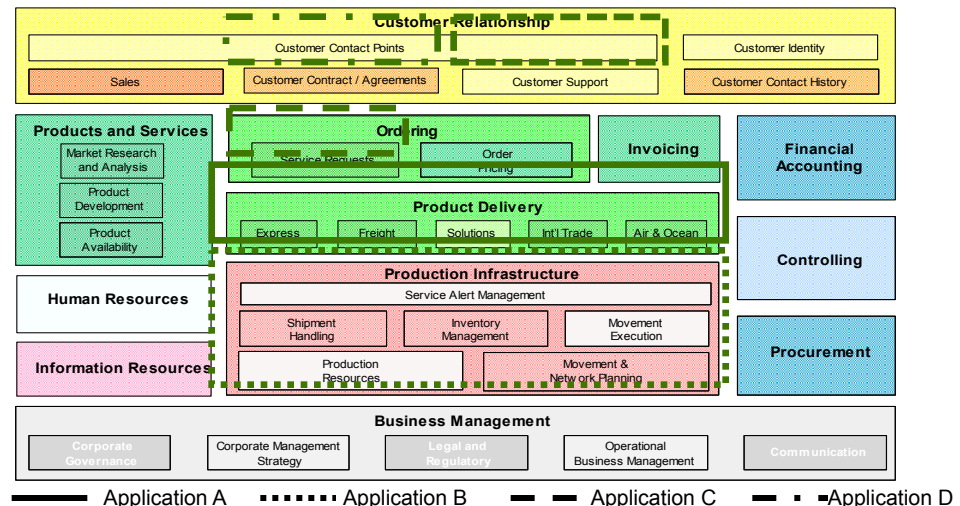
Business Domain Model 1.0



Target Situation:

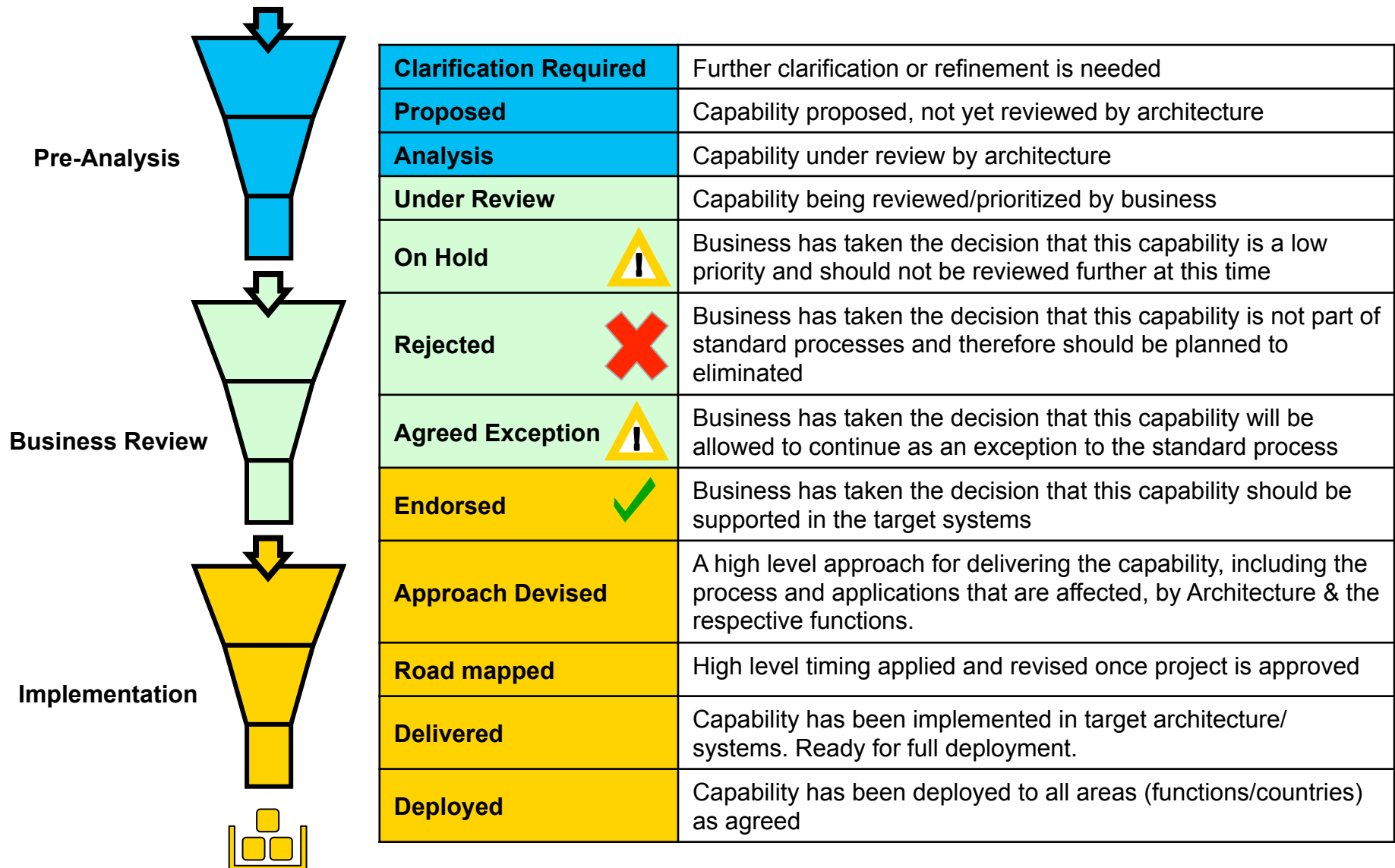
- Standard capabilities supported by standard processes and applications
- Gaps filled in global processes and application portfolio
- Target applications aligned to standard interfaces
- Reusable, common services

Business Domain Model 1.0



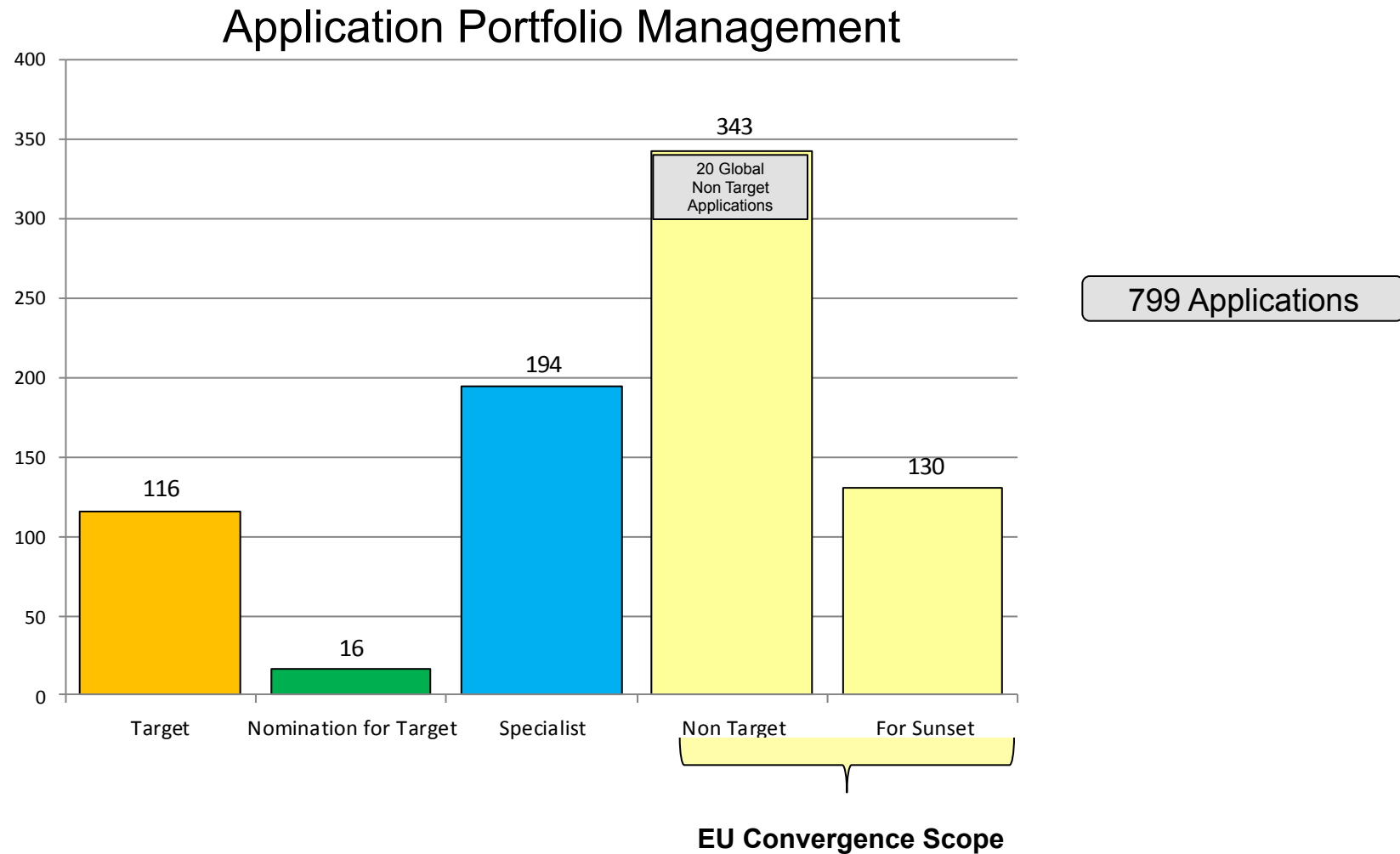
Success Factors - The Framework

Capability Pipeline - Capturing the Key Decisions



Success Factors - The Framework

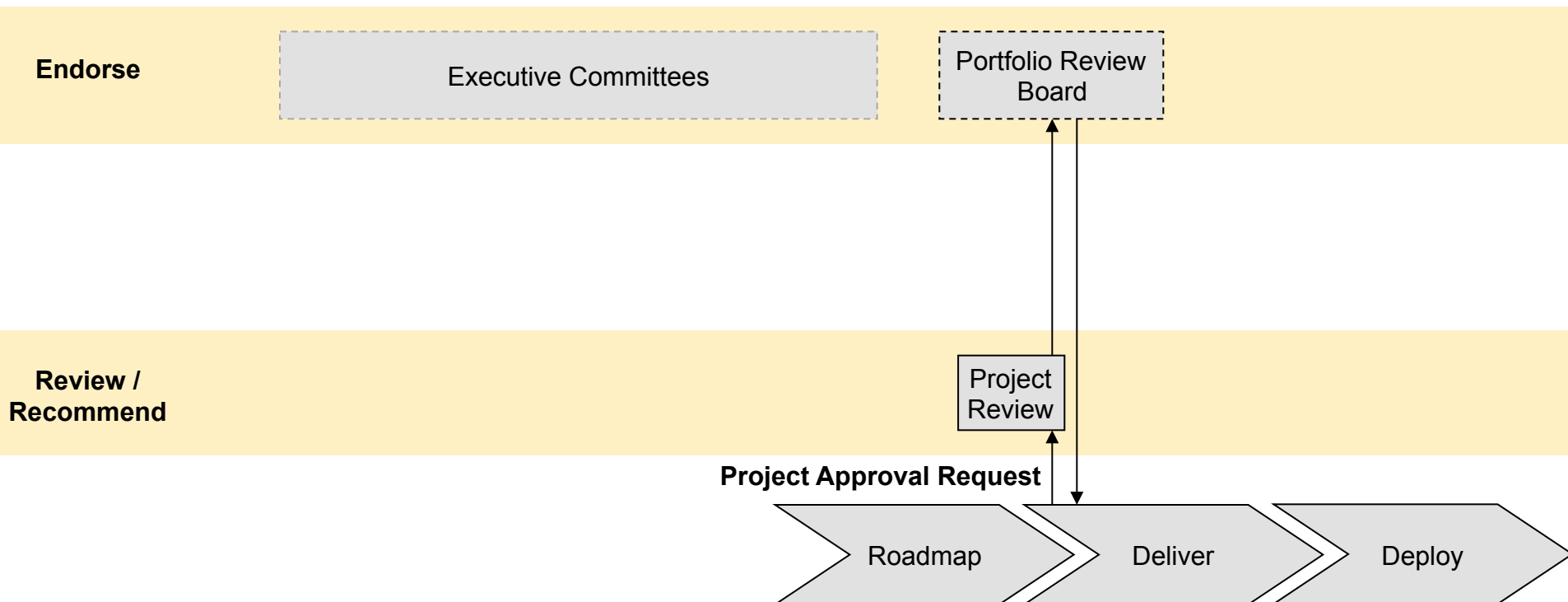
Applications used by Express EU



Success Factors - The Framework

Making Tracking Part of The Process

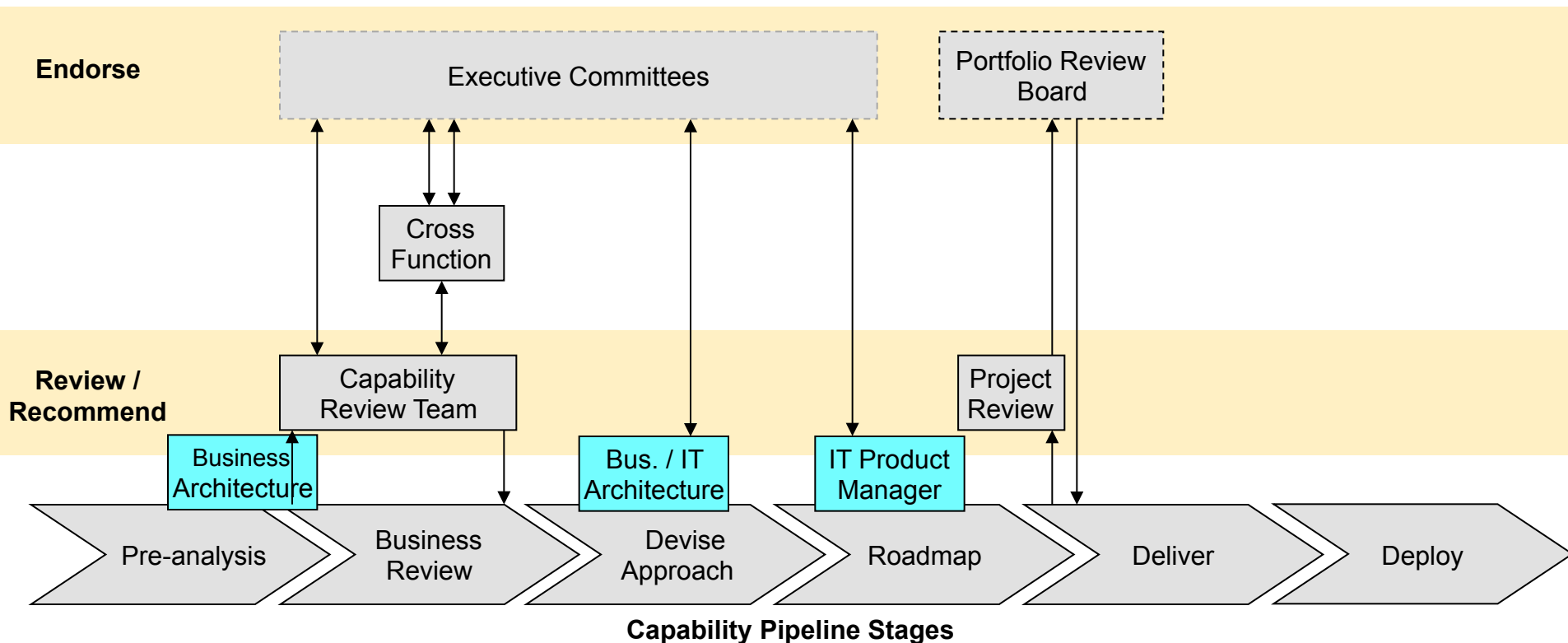
IT project funding is too late to discover the plans for a new capability



Success Factors - The Framework

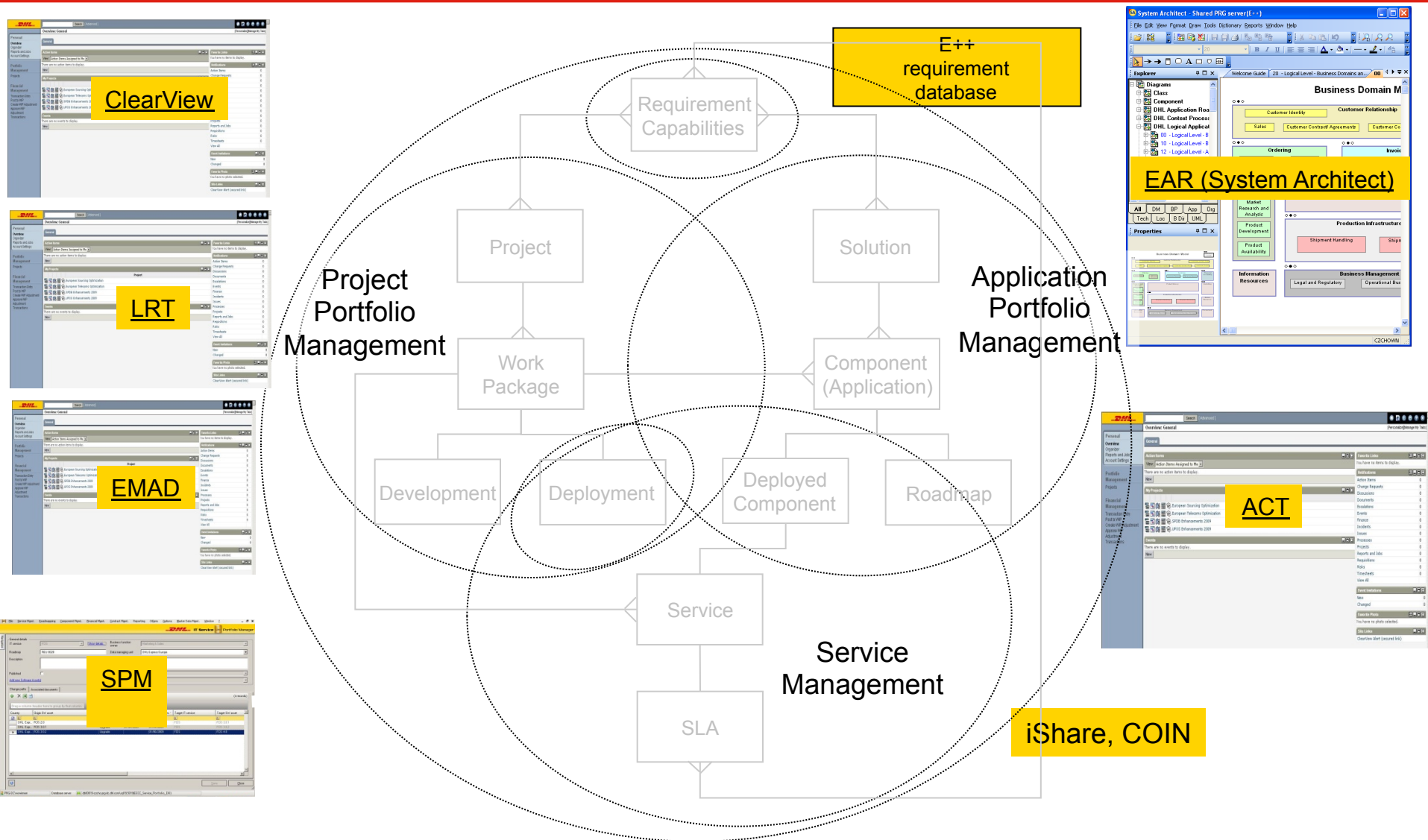
Making Tracking Part of The Process

Making the Governance Transparent



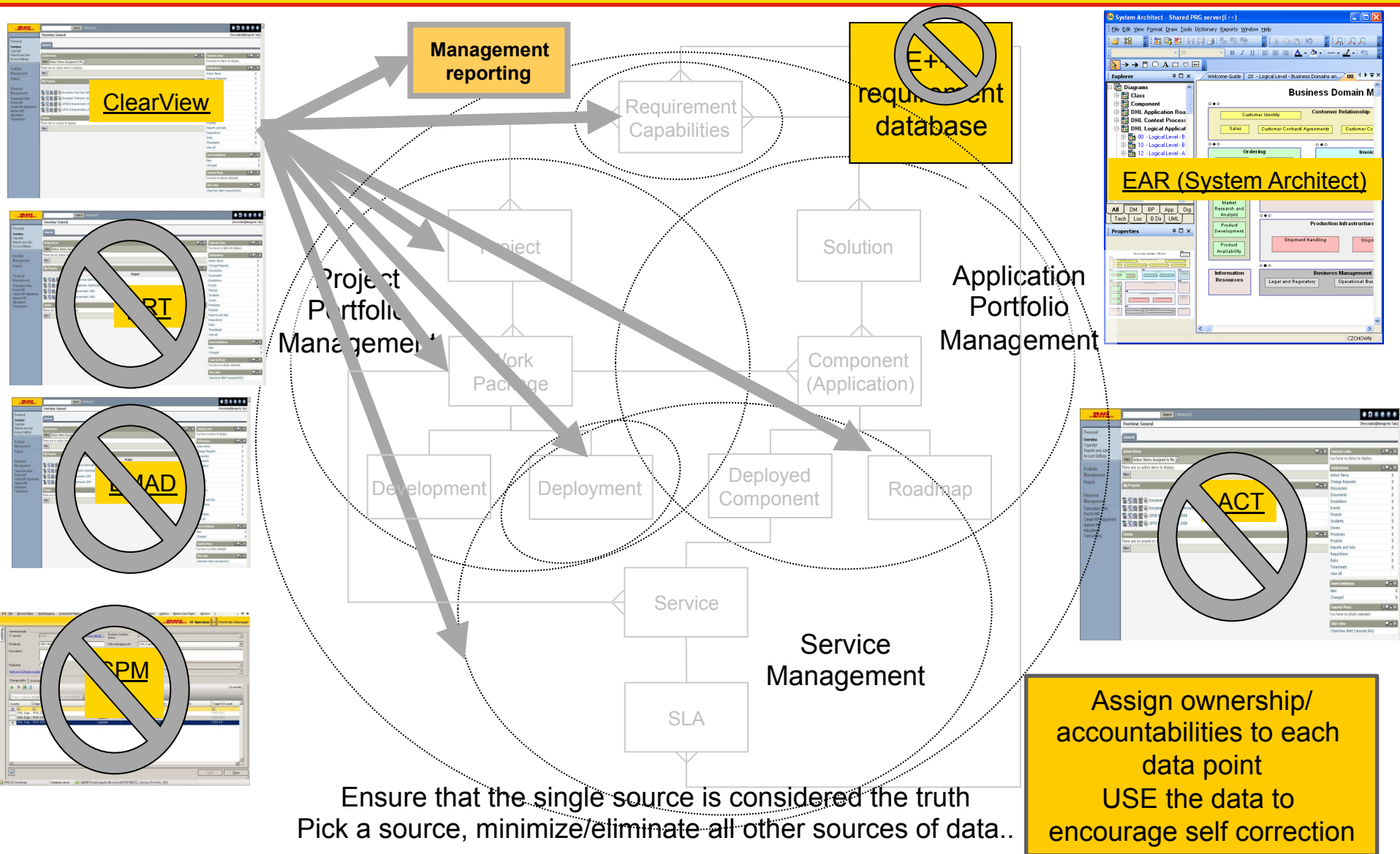
Success Factors – Single Source of Truth

Ensure There is a Single Accountable Source of Truth



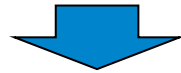
Success Factors – Single Source of Truth

Ensure There is a Single Accountable Source of Truth



Success Factors – Set Targets And Measure Application Convergence Scorecard

Group Targets



Local Targets



Imperative	2013 Metric	Europe			January YTD											
		2012 ACT	YTD	Trend	ST	AD	FC	GL	BB	DD	AB	EI	IJ	CH	TR	SE
IT Convergence	Application Sunsets [#]	108	9	-	3	0	3	2	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
	Usage of EGAP [%]	85.5	86.1	flat	94.8	90.6	73.8	95.5	81.5	82.9	71.2	93.8	71.9	89.8	66.4	94.1
	Extent of EGAP [%]	67.7	39.8	better	57.8	21.2	39.8	29.3	41.6	36.4	9.7	46.5	60.0	50.9	30.8	25.7

- Ensure that there are both local/individual and group targets
- Everyone has a vested interest in achieving the group target
- Aggressively track and measure (start EVERY meeting/review with them)

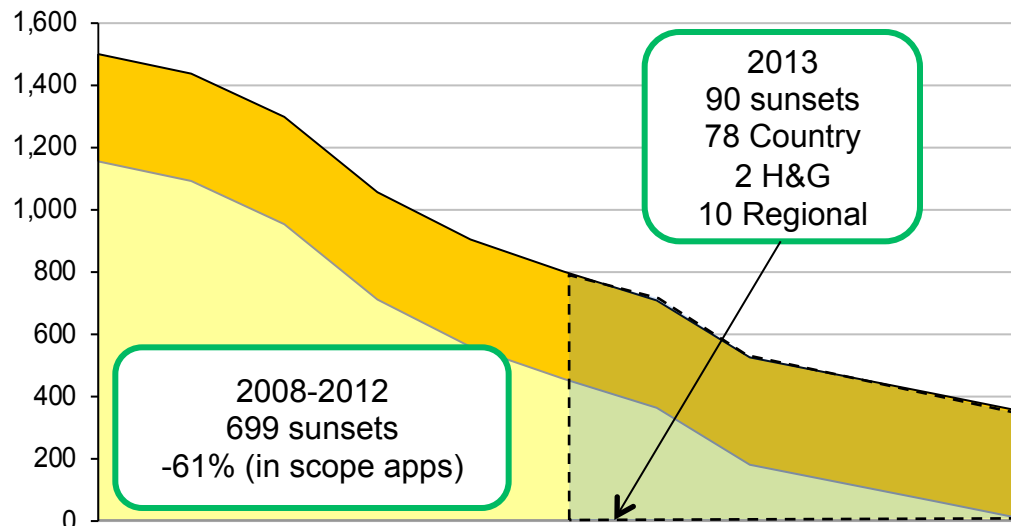
[illegible]

Set targets. Measure and report aggressively

- Start (establish framework) and then refine
- Don't get lost in the details
- Practical about data, it will never be perfect
- Big picture benefit vs. individual case. Steer toward the big benefit case, otherwise it will be easy to avoid any change by rejecting each change whether it stands up individually

Looking to the Future - EU Application Convergence Roadmap

Number of Applications in Europe [#]



	Baseline 2008 Q3	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
EGAP and Specialist	345	345	345	345	345	345	345	345	345	345	345
EU Convergence	1153	1090	951	709	557	454	364	181	119	60	0
Total	1498	1435	1296	1054	902	799	709	526	464	405	345

OMP 19 /GRE 18
BICC 24 /H&G 112

The Journey Continues Through Managed Evolution

Establish capability management and planning around the capability lifecycle.

